## REMARKS

Claims 24, 38 and 45 have been amended by this paper and claims 31-37 have been cancelled by this paper. Support for the claim amendments may be found throughout the specification and drawings.

Claims 24-30 and 38-45 are rejected for nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-22 of U.S. Patent No. 6,754,571 to Gade et al. A terminal disclaimer is submitted herewith, thereby obviating the rejections.

Claims 24-30 and 38-45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, ¶ 1 for failing to comply with the enablement requirement. In particular, the Examiner has taken the position that the specification does not provide "a requisite degree for determining the claimed 'maximum damping of relative acceleration.'" (Office action, p. 3.) The claims have been amended to remove the "maximum damping" limitation, thereby obviating the rejections of claims 24-30 and 38-45 under § 112, ¶ 1.

Claims 24, 38 and 45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, ¶ 2 as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter regarded as the invention. In particular, the Examiner has taken the position that the term "maximum" is relative and, therefore, the "maximum damping" limitation is indefinite. (Office action, p. 3.) The claims have been amended to remove the "maximum damping" limitation, thereby obviating the rejections of claims 24, 38 and 45 under § 112, ¶ 2.

Claims 24-30 and 38-45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,060,919 to Takano et al. The rejections are respectfully traversed.

The Takano et al. reference discloses a damping coefficient control device for use in an electrorheologic fluid vibration damper disposed between a vehicle engine and a vehicle chassis. The viscosity of the fluid within the vibration damper is tuned (read: selected) to cope with the bouncing vibration of the engine without the need for electrically actuating the vibration damper. (Col. 8, ll. 13-16.) However, when a rolling vibration occurs, a current is supplied to the vibration damper to increase the viscosity of the electrorheologic fluid, thereby actuating the vibration damper. (Col. 8, ll. 17-21.) The rolling vibration is detected by detecting a relative velocity, which may be derived from acceleration signals. (Col. 8, ll. 42-53.)

Thus, the Takano et al. reference discloses a system wherein a vibration damper is tuned

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to cope with the bouncing vibration of a specific engine.

The present application acknowledges that "[i]t would be advantageous to provide a control system and method with the capability to control vibrations of various engine/frame assemblies without redesigning the system." (P. 3, Il. 26-28.) Therefore, in contrast to the Takano et al. reference, the claims of the present application require, among other things, tuning the control system that controls the mount based upon the bounce resonance frequency of the mounted object, thereby minimizing the relative acceleration across the mount over a predetermined band of frequencies (e.g., at and around the bounce resonance frequency).

Thus, the claimed systems and methods maximize damping over a predetermined band of frequencies by tuning the control system to the bounce resonance frequency of a specific mounted object.

Inasmuch as the Takano et al. reference fails to teach or suggest tuning the control system that controls the mount based upon the bounce resonance frequency of the mounted object, it is submitted that the Takano et al. reference cannot, as a matter of law, anticipate the pending claims of the present application. Withdrawal of the rejections of claims 24-30 and 38-45 under § 102(b) is respectfully requested.

Accordingly, it is submitted that the present application is in condition for allowance and formal notice thereof is respectfully requested.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to treat any paper that is filed in this application, which requires an extension of time, as incorporating a request for such an extension. (37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a)(3).) The Commissioner is further authorized to charge any fees required by this paper or to credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 20-0809.

Respectfully submitted,

Victor J. Wasylyna Reg. No. 52,345

THOMPSON HINE LLP Post Office Box 8801 Dayton, Ohio 45401-8801 U.S. Ser. No. 10/696,517 Docket No. DP-304939 Amendment After Final

Phone: (937) 443-6812 E-mail: IPGroup@ThompsonHine.com

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